Project SEE (Students for Equality and Equity) An International Service Learning Project at the University of Hong Kong



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At a Glance

- an international service-based learning project
- 40 participants and 8 student partners designed and implemented service and advocacy projects in developing countries
- 6 to 8 weeks in the summer of 2006 in collaboration of local NGOs
- a series of pre-project training programmes
- post-project exhibition and presentations

Principles

- Service then Learning
 - Students help NGOs to achieve their goals
 - NGOs provide a setting for students to learn and put knowledge in practice
- Not an internship in the work sense
 - Linked to what they learned in the course
- Not volunteering
 - Students gain
 - Advocacy and formulation of a view/policy
 - Students as agent of change
- Student-owned

Principles

- Gear to HKU's mission of nurturing global leaders
 - Name of the Project (Students for Equality and Equity)
 - Equality
 - the fact of being equal
 - the equal treatment of people irrespective of social or cultural differences
 - Equity
 - the name given to the portion of the legal system, in countries following the English common law tradition, that resolves disputes between persons by resorting to principles of conscience, fairness and justness.
 - Emphasis on UN Millennium Development Goals as a means to develop global citizenship

Millennium Development Goals

In 2000,189 heads of states and governments from around the world signed the Millennium Declaration at the UN Millennium Summit

- 1. Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger
- 2. Achieve universal primary education
- 3. Promote gender equality and empower women
- 4. Reduce child mortality
- 5. Improve maternal health
- 6. Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria, and other diseases
- 7. Ensure environmental sustainability
- 8. Develop a global partnership for development

The Project wants to ...

- promote local and international students'
 understanding of issues related to equality and
 justice and facilitate them to form a view of these
 issues;
- promote exchange of experience between Hong Kong and developing countries in SE Asia in tackling issues related to equality and justice;
- provide direct services to people in need;
- promote cultural exchange and co-operation between local and international students

The participants...

- 31 local students
- 9 international students

The partners...

- 7 postgraduates and 1 undergraduate
 (6 international and 2 local students)
- Experienced in service



Stage 1 (February to April, 2006)

General Education Course

- Five seminars
 - Social Justice in Media
 - Relationship between Economics and Equity
 - Moral & Social Philosophy of International Aid
 - Human Rights: A Cultural Perspective
 - International Intervention as a Tool for Social Justice
- Summit
 - Global Equality: What We Can and Ought to Do?

Stage 1 (February to April, 2006)

Planning

 Students formed groups and designed a service/advocacy project

Stage 2 (May, 2006)

- Camp at the base of an international NGO
- Workshops on cultural adjustment, survival tips, and basic skills in community work



Experiential Camp



Experiential Camp



Experiential Camp



Stage 3 (June to August, 2006)

Projects

- Village Development in Cambodia
- Gender Equality in Cambodia
- HIV/AIDs in the Philippines
- Relief in Sri Lanka
- Children's rights in India
- Labor Rights in Thailand



Village community work in Cambodia: Teaching in class



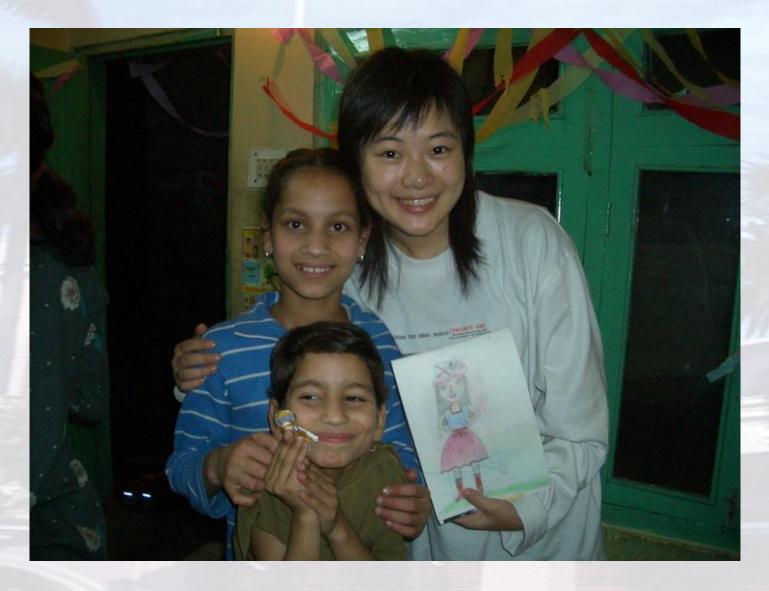
Village community work in Cambodia



Village community work in Cambodia



Gender Issues in Cambodia



Child rights in India: Play group



Child rights in India: A Family



Child rights in India: Co-workers



Child rights in India: Play group



AIDS in the Philippines: Education for Children



AIDS in the Philippines: Education for Youth



Relief in Sri Lanka



Relief in Sri Lanka: Play group



Relief in Sri Lanka: Teaching



Labour Rights in Thailand

Stage 4 (September, 2006)

- Sharing of results with other university members in HKU
- Exhibition and Presentations

Student Feedback

- "This is not JUST a project for us to see the world, but more like a self-discovery process which I have never thought of."
- "It enables me to reach the group of people who are deprived of wealth, health and opportunities, yet at the same time, are the ones who enjoy life and treasure family relationship the most."

Student Feedback

- "I know now more then ever that I do have the power to change the lives of people and I will dedicate my existence to that."
- "I have learnt how trivial efforts make a big difference"



Benefits

Understanding

- A better understanding of global problems
- Helps to relate oneself to the world

Development of Personal and Social Resources

- Develop a network of contacts and gain support from people across diverse communities
- Sharpen core competencies such as creative problemsolving and collaboration
- Understand untapped skills and develop a new latitude of acceptance

Benefits

Self-Reflection and Life Changes

- Eye-opening or even life-changing experience
- Integration of personal and professional goals
- Change of life aspirations and plans
- Self-discovery, reflections on values, attitudes, and beliefs about the world

Empowerment

ACTION

Media Reports

A24 二〇〇六年四月二十八日 星期五 夏曆丙戌年四月初一日





只能瞓蓆食爛菜

一塊蓆瞓,食嘢就食埋啲爛 輕時也當過義工,試過夏天 豆爛菜。」參加香港大學 時修橋補路,在大一及大二 「Project SEE (Students For 時更曾走堂去當義務教師, Equality And Equity)」計劃的 「不過走咗堂教授都唔知!」 心理學系三年級的高竹影 他更向義工學生大派禮品 説,因為感覺新鮮,這些爛 包,內有毛巾、薄荷膏及校 豆爛菜的味道尚可接受。她 徽襟章,讓學生流汗及被蚊 與其他 39 名參加者已接受了 叮時使用。

「我哋去露營訓練只係得 學生義工茶敍時稱,自己年



徐立之莊陳友 鼓勵港大生當義工

香港大學今年將派出四十名學生於暑假到菲律賓、 畫,暑假到當地宣傳預防愛滋病的知識 柬埔寨、斯里蘭卡等地當義工,宣揚平等共處的信息。 港大校長徐立之及樂施會總監莊陳友講述過去當義工的 經歷·勉勵學生繼續幫助有需要的人士。

憶當年走堂修橋補路

港大校長徐立之憶述,當年雖忙於補習 赚取生活费,但亦不忘與恒生銀行副董事長 兼行政總裁鄭海泉到鄰近一所義學教導學 生,暑期亦會到新界區「修橋補路」,更曾 因此「走堂」。他坦言,以爲現在的學生已 不願意做義工,他鼓勵港大生要以行動證明 他的想法是錯誤的。

40學生外地參與保育

港大經濟及金融一年級生黄元霖生於馬 來西亞,是第四代華僑,由於父母工作繁 忙,一直由菲律賓傭人照顧,對當地建立了 一份感情。「近年菲律賓的愛滋病有蔓延迹 象,部分更是由海外傭工回國後散播。」他 想爲當地作點貢獻,故參加了港大義工計

除柬埔寨及菲律賓外,今年港大暑期義工計畫將安 排學生到越南、印度、泰國及斯里蘭卡等地、參與當地 保育、勞工及兒童權利等工作,共有四十名學生參加。



■港大校長徐立之(中)及樂施會總監莊陳友(左)鼓勵港大生 做義工,幫助有需要的人士。

2006 • 04 • 28 星期五

編輯:陳鈺筠 美術:陳錦鷹

徐立之領港大生關懷世界

風氣盛,香港大學校長徐立之仍是中 大學生時,曾爲當義務中學教師而「 走堂」,更於當時仍待開發的新界修 橋築路。徐立之以當義工經驗,勉勵 港大學生服務社會。港大新辦義工計 劃衝出本港、關懷世界,組成40多人 的義工隊・赴發展中地區如柬埔寨、 印度等,探訪童工、愛滋病患者等。

計劃名爲SEE (Students for Equality and Equity), 8隊學生將分赴柬埔寨 是否與當地少用避孕套有關。

【明報專訊】以前大學生服務社會 、菲律賓等地,探討女性地位問題及 愛滋病威脅,亦會赴印度探訪童工等 · 每名學生獲資助渝萬元。

赴發展中地區做義工

港大學生事務長周偉立介紹、每隊 均有在發展中國家當義工經驗的學生 帶領,亦有非牟利機構協助。

馬來西亞的非本地生黃元霖將赴菲 律賓探討愛滋病傳染問題,計劃研究



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書,暑假到當地宣傳預防愛滋病的知識。

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記者 李德慰



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香港文區來WEIPO 二〇〇六年四月二十八日(星期五)丙戌年四月初一



港大生當義工 赴菲倡用安全套



多元化。該校通識教育部今年更推出SEE計劃,招募了40 名本地及國際學生一同往發展中國家倡議平等與公義,推 動港生與外地學生合作交流之餘,不忘服務他人的精神。

参加SEE計劃的40名本地及國際學生將分為8組,其中 修讀經濟與金融的馬來西亞第4代華僑黃元霖,將會往菲 律賓的Cebu宣揚愛滋病的資訊。

他笑説,自小由菲律賓女傭拉拔長大,一直希望了解更 多這些「阿姨」的事情,正好藉着SEE計劃往當地作實地考 察。據他了解,當地人受風俗影響,甚為抗拒使用安全 套。他希望可透過SEE計劃向當地人民灌輸正確的性知識。

師兄籲珍惜機會開眼界

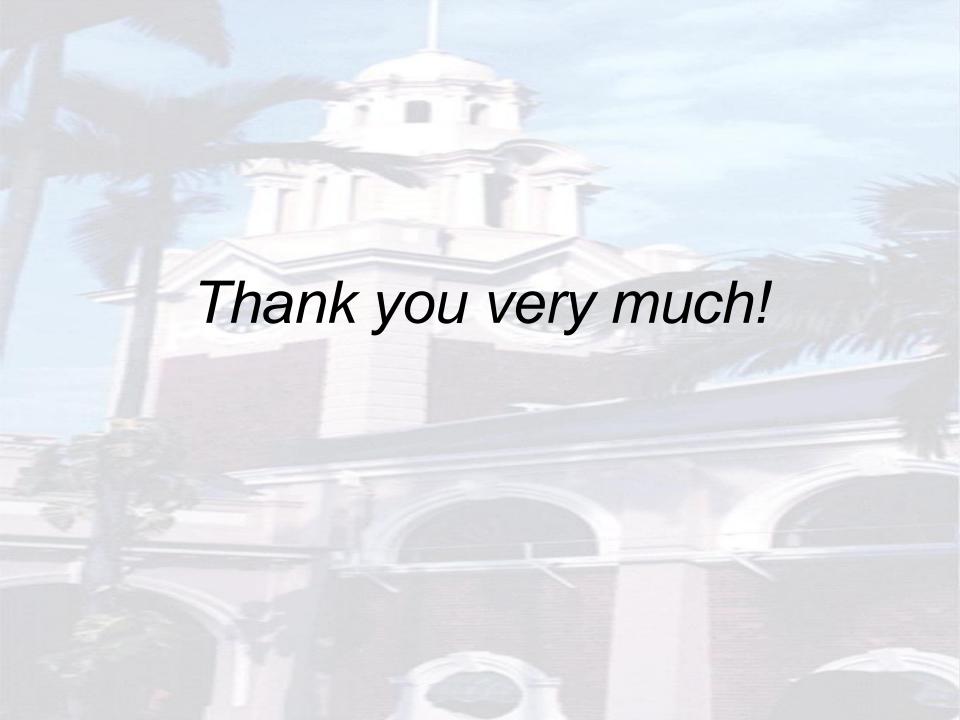
港大工程系博士生高永賢是香港首位參與無國界醫生救 援行動的工程師,雖然沒有參加SEE計劃,但他呼籲學弟 學妹珍惜這次服務機會。曾經在美國留學,又遊覽世界多 個國家,高永賢説一度以為自己甚麼都通曉,但跟隨無國 界醫生前往蘇丹、烏茲別克、亞齊省及巴基斯坦等地後, 他發現自己的無知。他說:「很多地方每天都發生政府軍 襲擊平民,婦女被強暴的惡行,我想大家都生而為人,有 機會的話,應該盡力去奉獻自己的力量。」

Practical Experiences

- Safety, insurance and backup
 - Preparation
 - Parents
 - Support by staff and student partners
- Identification of partners
- Division of labour

Division of Labour

- General Education Unit, HKU
 - Designs the framework of the projects
 - Covers all the expenses directly incurred in the programme (air tickets, accommodation, meals)
 - Pre-training and staff support
- Local NGOs
 - Assist and advise on the implementation of the projects
 - Supervise the projects
 - Provide all the necessary support to students
 - Local accommodation and transportation
 - Safety and security



- 1. Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger
 - Reduce by half the proportion of people living on less than a dollar a day
 - Reduce by half the proportion of people who suffer from hunger
- 2. Achieve universal primary education
 - Ensure that all boys and girls complete a full course of primary schooling

- 3. Promote gender equality and empower women
 - Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education preferaably by 2005, and at all levels by 2015
- 4. Reduce child mortality
 - Reduce by two thirds the mortality rate among children under five

- 5. Improve maternal health
 - Reduce by three quarters the maternal mortality ratio
- Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases
 - Halt and begin to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS
 - Halt and begin to reverse the incidence of malaria and other major diseases

7. Ensure environmental sustainability

- Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programmes; reverse loss of environmental resources
- Reduce by half the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water
- Achieve significant improvement in lives of at least
 100 million slum dwellers, by 2020
- 8. Develop a global partner for development